Shuttle Car Canopy Air Curtain Field Test Results



Author:

Wm. Randolph (Randy) Reed, Ph.D., P.E. Senior Mining Research Engineer

Presenter: Hua Jiang, Ph.D. Research Engineer

Pittsburgh Mining Research Division

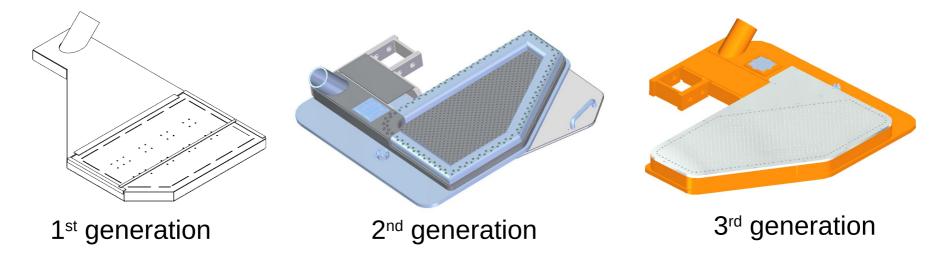


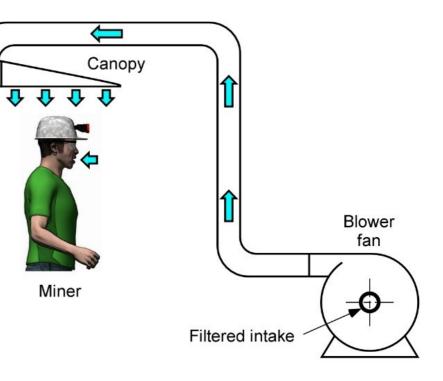


Canopy Air Curtain (CAC)

 Continuous miner (CM) canopy 30% to 70% reductions in respirable coal dust

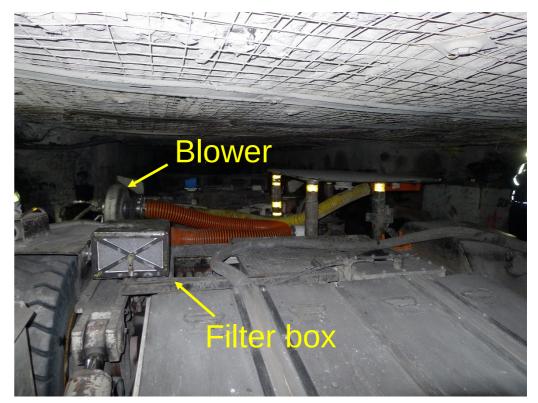
• J.H Fletcher roof bolter canopy air curtains





Canopy air curtain installation on RamCar #1

- Blower
 - Yellow hose connects from blower to plenum
- Hydraulics
 - motors/pumps plumbed into shuttle car hydraulic systems



- Filter box
 - Orange hose connects from filter box to blower inlet



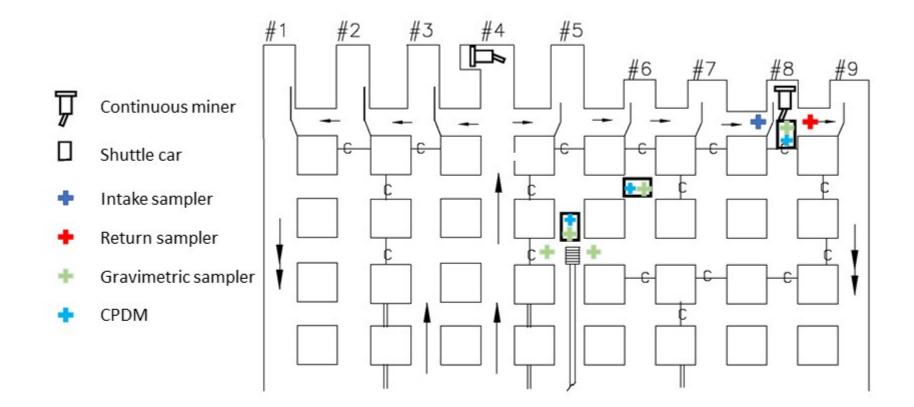
Canopy air curtain installation on RamCar #1

- Plenum
 - Welded to underside of shuttle car canopy





Mine Layout with sampling locations



NIOSH Dust Survey

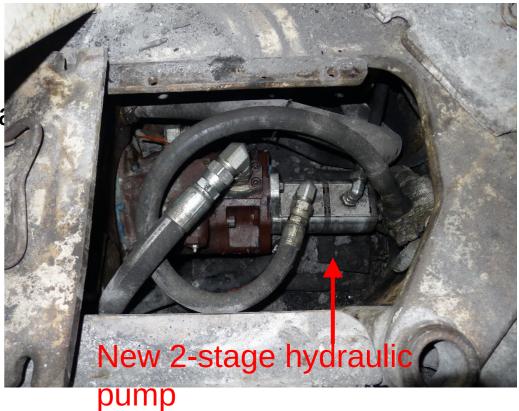
- At operator underneath canopy
 - Personal Data Ram (pDR-1000)
 - Continuous Personal Dust Monitor (CPDM)
- On RamCar outside canopy
 - NIOSH sampling rack
 - pDR-1000
 - 2 gravimetrics
- At Feeder locations
 - NIOSH sampling rack
- At Continuous Miner
 - NIOSH sampling rack
 - Intake
 - Return





Test results

- March 2019 testing
 - Canopy air curtain hydraulics plumbed into existing RamCar hydraulic system
 - Canopy blower slowed or shutdown when existing RamCar hydraulic systems in operation
 - Moving Ram during loading/unloading
 - Steering during tramming
 - Required additional pump installed on RamCa
- September 2019 testing
 - Canopy air curtain hydraulics "piggybacked" onto existing RamCar hydraulic system using additional 2-stage hydraulic pump



Face ventilation quantities

Canopy air curtain airflows

Date	Entry	Curtain Width (in)	Entry Height (in)	Velocity (fpm)	Quantit y (cfm)
10-Sep	#9	216	77	275	31763
10-Sep	#6	219	85	165	21330
11-Sep	#6	222	82	110	13906
11-Sep	#8	215	80	269	32131
12-Sep	#9	210	96	202	28280
12-Sep	#6	204	80	117	13260

	Canopy airflow						
Date	(fpm)						
10-Sep	361						
11-Sep	315						
12-Sep	185 - 220						

September 12, 2019 –the hydraulic flow regulator was turned off for night shift Regulator knob adjusted prior to the shift to obtain flow During the first ¼ of the shift, airflow was approximately 185 fpm Regulator adjusted until knob broke off (no more adjustment possible) During the last ¾ of the shift, airflow was approximately 229 fpm

-	9/10/2019	9/11/2019	9/12/2019		
Time at CM	33	31	20		
Time at Feeder	22	24	15		
<u>Time tramming Feeder to CM</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>106</u>	<u>87</u>		
Time tramming CM to Feeder	47	65	46		
Time underneath	157	226	168		
Total Time	379	379 340			
<u>%of time under</u>	<u>41.4</u>	<u>66.5</u>	<u>48.7</u>		
Time weight average % reduction	34%	31%	NA		

NA -not applicable, dust reductions during tram time statistically insignificant

RamCar results for respirable dust sampling

Date	Outside MRE concentration (mg/m3)	Underneath MRE PDM concentration (mg/m³)	%reduction inside /outside comparison of MRE	Total sampling time (min)
10-Sep-19	1.118	0.873	14.81	379
	0.930			
11-Sep-19	0.864	0.693	23.23	340
	0.941			
12-Sep-19	1.124	1.074	8.05	345
	1.213			

Average concentration of instantaneous data measured by pDR-1000 at each location encountered for RamCar #1 (w/ CAC)

Date	Location	Outside CAC Average Concentratio n (mg/m ³)		Inte	fidence rval @ 95%	C	Underneath CAC Average Concentration (mg/m ³)		Confidence Interval @ 95%			
	@ CM		2.821		±	0.872		0.996		±	0.433	65%
10-Sep	@ Feeder		0.433		±	0.084		0.277		±	0.078	36%
	Tramming Feeder to CM		0.581		±	0.081		0.425		±	0.071	27%
	Tramming from CM to Feeder		0.658		±	0.135		0.523		±	0.105	21%
11-Sep	@ CM		2.829		±	0.725		1.009		±	0.400	64%
	@ Feeder		0.223		±	0.033		0.144		±	0.015	35%
	Tramming Feeder to CM		0.630		±	0.085		0.503		±	0.080	20%
	Tramming from CM to Feeder		0.975		±	0.166		0.824		±	0.163	15%
12-Sep	@ CM		4.524		±	2.089		1.952		±	1.208	57%
	@ Feeder		0.601		±	0.343		0.329		±	0.094	45%
	Tramming Feeder to CM		1.540		±	0.797		1.483		±	0.715	4%
	Tramming from CM to Feeder		1.799		±	0.612		1.981)	±	0.779	-10%



Airrion CAC

Conclusions

- The CAC can provide improved protection for operator in blowing face ventilation.
- 57% 65% reduction of respirable dust concentrations while CM loading RamCar
- 35% 45% reduction of respirable dust concentrations while unloading RamCar
- 20% 27% reduction of respirable dust concentrations while tramming
- Time underneath canopy ranged from 41% 66% total time
- Relationship of higher plenum air velocities providing higher protection

Methods to improve performance

- Maintain high airflow through plenum
- Change filter when needed.
 - Filter was the filter from March testing (used 3 days)
 - Filter was not changed throughout testing
- Add 2-3" lip around perimeter of plenum
- Effective for protection when operator is underneath the canopy

For answers to questions, contact



Wm Randolph (Randy) Reed, Ph.D., P.E. (412)386-5205

rrood@rdr nov







Disclaimer: The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the official position of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Mention of any company or product does not constitute endoysement